THE DAILY GAZETTE

No. 426. COLORADO SPRINGS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1879. Price, Five Cents

TELEGRAPHIC

Orders for the Arrest of Ute Insubordinates.

Plan for Solving the Polygamy Problem.

Butler's Boom Increasing in Massachusetts.

Convention and Platform of the Butler Democracy.

Operation of the Southern Shotgun Quarantine.

Advance in Price and Demand for Iron.

Brutal Outrage of the Fall River Strikers.

Cetewayo, the Zulu King, Captured.

COLORADO.

Why the Sky is Darkened.

DENVER, September 17. About sixty families were rendered homeless by the Caribou fire, which was more extensive than at first reported. The loss is not less than $75,000. The fires are raging all through the mountains and the sky and sun are hidden by smoke. The Indians have started most of the fires for spite.

GENERAL NEWS.

A Soiled Jersey Lily.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The Times London correspondent says on the very best authority that the husband of the famous London beauty, Mrs. Langtry, has commenced proceedings for a divorce and that the Prince of Wales is set down as correspondent. My informant had seen the preliminary papers necessary to the first legal steps in the suit.

The Utes Must Go.

CHICAGO, September 16. Lieutenant General Sheridan has received instructions from the war department at Washington to detail sufficient force of military from the nearest agency to arrest the insubordinate chiefs on the White River agency and to enforce obedience to the agents. The requirements are also to hold the ring leaders as prisoners for investigation.

Yellow Fever.

MEMPHIS, September 17. Two new cases reported. Five deaths have occurred since last night.

The following telegrams addressed to D. T. Porter and John Johnson committee was received from Washington this evening:

"It has been decided by the president and cabinet after full consideration, that since the recent action of congress the relief for people in yellow fever camps must come either from the national board of health or the state authorities. Congress having passed a law on the subject federal action must be guided thereby."

[Signed.] GEO. W. MCCRARY,
Secretary of War.

Dr. C. A. Bell, president of the national board of health, telegraphs that we will supply rations to persons now to go out of Memphis into camps for a period in no case to exceed twenty days.

GREENVILLE, Miss., September 17. The doctors have decided that the yellow fever is at Concordia, and trace the infection to Memphis. Three new cases reported. One hundred and fifteen persons remain in Concordia unable to get through the shotgun quarantine.

Butler's Big Boom.

WORCESTER, MASS., Sept. 16 The Butler democratic state convention was called to order by Alonzo V. Lynde, the chairman of the state central committee, and John Tarbox was chosen chairman. Tarbox was received with a round of applause and cheers and said in a speech: "The responsibility for the democratic division is not upon us. Before our committee issued the call under which we assembled, they requested the Faneuil Hall committee to restore the party unity by joining in a union call for a convention in which all the democrats of the state should have an equal and just representation. This proposal made courteously and in good faith met with a refusal and indignity. After this refusal to submit to the authority of the democratic constituent body would be base. We denounce the Faneuil Hall managers as factious and disloyal and foes to the party welfare. We did not invite controversy, we sought to avoid it ourself—respect now compels us to meet it. To our brethren throughout the state and country at large we affirm our adhesion to the organization and flag of the national democratic party. We falter at no word or syllable of the creed as the great teachers of democracy expounded it; and as at the recent national councils of the party have applied it to public questions. We stand by the Jeffersonian doctrine of the sovereign union of sovereign states, absolute national supremacy over all subjects within the constitutional perogation of the federal government and state supremacy absolute over all other subjects of legitimate government cognizance.

We insist that state rights does not antagonize or weaken the just authority, dignity or needful vigor of the national authority but sustains and supplements the doctrine of local sovereignty as maintained by the democratic party. We deny that the doctrine is kin to secession or that the rebellion was its offspring. Secession is dead, the life of the republic demanded it; state rights survives, the welfare of the republic needs it. He asked if now was a time to give prominence to state instead of military issues when our mother state suffers from misrule and when our might is insufficient for her relief to refuse to unite our forces with other of her sons who offer to join their strength to ours in the effort for her deliverance. For myself and I am sure I have your sentiment and the judgment of the great body of the democratic voters you represent in these deliberations, I answer no, no. Let us so far respect our commonwealth as to give her precedence in our political campaign making common cause to that extent with all who choose to ally hemselves with us.

The usual committees were appointed and the following resolution was adopted: Recognizing the general desire of the people not bounded by the limits of the national party division for a change of administration and the promotion of wholesome public reforms in the state government not reasonably to be hoped for from the power now in control through whose neglect or more active fault offense has come; convinced that such a change is demanded by a prudent consideration of the political welfare of the state and in the belief that all citizens who concur in this opinion may consistently and worthily adjourn to another election when federal officers are to be chosen their contentions as to measures and principles of national concern and confine to the pending election the securing in state affairs the objects of the common desire; we for these ends invite all who entertain like sentiments to make common cause with us on this home issue. We adopt and endorse the candidacy of Benjamin F. Butler, of Lowell, for governor in the confidence and in the assurance of his public pledge that if elected he will so far as he shall have official strength bring back the government of the commonwealth to that efficiency, economy and justice to the people of all classes which characterized the earlier days of the republic.

A committee was then appointed to present nominees for the remainder of the ticket, after which a recess was taken. After re-assembling the committee on resolutions presented the following which were unanimously adopted:

First, That the democrats of Massachusetts reaffirm their devotion to the time-honored principles of the democratic party.

Second, We recognize at this juncture in the affairs of the party the fundamental democratic maxim of "The right of the majority to rule," and we deprecate and condemn any bolt.

Third, That we sincerely regret that a portion of the democracy during the last year have refused to be governed by the decision of the majority, but we earnestly and cordially invite them to re-unite with us.

Fourth, That the coming election is for state officers alone. We deprecate the discussion in this campaign of national issues.

Fifth, We demand rigid economy in expenditures in all municipal and state affairs and the abolition of all sinecures.

Other resolutions denounce the state administration, demand the regulation of corporations for the public good, equitable taxation, no convict labor to compete with free labor, simplified registry laws that shall not restrict voters, the repeal of the law which requires the payment of taxes as a prerequisite to voting. The committee on credentials reported the convention to be the largest and grandest ever held by the democrats of Massachusetts, as 1,273 delegates were present representing 19 cities and 319 towns.

The convention nominated Benj. F. Butler for governor. Following is the remainder of the ticket: For Lieutenant governor, A. C. Woodworth; Secretary of state, Michael J. Donohue; Treasurer, D. N. Stillings; auditor, D. J. King; attorney general, W. D. Northend.

What the President Says.

NEW YORK, September 17. The Herald's Cincinnati special claims having interviewed President Hayes, who said Grant was undoubtedly the ablest general of the war. He don't think he wants the Presidency again. Everything favors the renomination of Tilden by the democrats. He will be the easiest man to beat in the party. George H. Pendleton is their most available and strongest man. The question all important in the next campaign will be national supremacy, not national banks. He thinks the latter too popular now to be abandoned.

Long's Chances.

NEW YORK, The Boston Herald thinks the republicans made a mistake in the nomination of Long, the result of which will be the narrowing of the party in the campaign. The work of defeating Butler is made heavier than it might have been. It speaks with courtesy of Long and presumes he will be elected.

Book Sale.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. The semi-annual trade sale of books opened to-day. The attendence was good and the prices fair.

Killed.

LARAMIE CITY, WYO., September 17. Louis Johnson, an employee of the U. P. road was killed to-day. He fell off of a freight train and was run over.

Clearing House Matters.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The clearing house exchanges still show a healthy increase in the volume of business although the comparison is with a week of unnaturally large transactions last year.

Iron Appreciating.

NEW YORK, September 17. The price of iron has advanced within the past four months 25 to 37½ per cent. In the last two months fully 75,000 tons of English iron have been ordered and a proportionate quantity of Scotch.

Bound to Succeed.

NEW YORK, September 17. The Times' Washington special says, in conversation to-day Secretary Evarts said he entertained no doubt of the success of the republican ticket in New York. He intended himself to take an active part in the campaign and thinks the difference in the democratic party irreconcilable.

Mining Decision.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—Acting Commissioner Armstrong of the General Land Office has informed the United States surveyor general at Portland, Oregon, that no mines lying below highwater mark on the ocean beach can be disposed of under the United States laws.

Honoring Our Battle Flags.

HARTFORD, September 17. It is estimated that nearly 100,000 people, not residents of this city, were here to-day to participate in the ceremonies of flagday, the conveyance of old battle flags from the state arsenal to the new capitol. Ten thousand veterans are here.

Suicide by Fire.

LOUISVILLE, September 17. Frank H. Lensing, aged 50 years, committed suicide this morning. He poured coal oil over his clothes and set himself on fire. The smoke from his window attracted the attention of the people on the street who ran to his room in the second story and broke it open and found the man burned to a crisp.

After the Astley Belt.

NEW YORK, September 17. The Astley belt pedestrians met to-day and signed articles of agreement. Weston's representatives objected to the plan for the management of the contest which the others accepted. The plan is that each contestant have a representative, who with Hess and Atkins will form the board of control to be divided into reliefs of eight hours at the box office to see everything fairly managed. Another meeting will be held.

President Hayes.

YOUNGSTOWN OHIO, September 17.—The Presidential party arrived here from Cleveland and were met by an enthusiastic crowd, many members of the President's old regiment being present. Walker Campbell of the Register and Tribune delivered an address of welcome. The President responded briefly. The procession will form about one o'clock and march to a grove near town, where speeches will be made by President Hayes, General Sherman, General Sanderson, General Kennedy, Dr. McCurdy and others. The decorations are beautiful and very profuse.

California Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 17.—It has been considered certain that in the third congressional district McKenna, republican, was elected over Berry, democratic, by a small majority. The official returns from all except two counties, Humboldt and Trinity, have been received. Official returns just received from Humboldt now give Berry 171 majority which returns from Trinity cannot materially change.

Coinage Matters.

WASHINGTON, September 17.—From 1873 to 1879, inclusive, the United States mints coined 376,641,340 pieces of money, aggregating in value $417,071,313. The treasury department to-day purchased 527,000 ounces of fine silver deliverable at the Philadelphia mint. Other offers were made for Philadelphia and San Francisco, but on account of their being above the market rate as construed by the department, they were declined.

Indications at the treasury department are that the number of silver dollars which will be got into circulation this month will, for the first time equal the monthly coinage. As far as Washington is concerned standard dollars are already much more plentiful than bank notes.

Democratic Strategy.

NEW YORK, September 17, The Tribune's editorial correspondent says the proposed plan for solving the polygamy problem is to secure the admission of Utah during the coming winter as a state. Every argument, every consideration, likely to have weight in Washington will be put forward to persuade congress to pass the enabling act, thus putting polygamy and other questions out of the control of Mormons. The Tribune says on its face this would seem an impossible scheme, but we have seen enough of democratic rule in congress to know what a Bourbon majority means. The State of Utah would elect two democrats to the United States Senate, would cast three electoral votes for the democratic candidate for President, would in case of election by the House give a vote which would neutralize that of puritan Massachusetts. There is a stake here for which the democratic party might be desperate enough to play.

The Smith Family Ahead.

HALIFAX, September 17.—Smith beat Morris by four lengths.

Veterinary Association.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—The American Veterinary association in session here yesterday occupied the time principally in the discussion of pleuro pneumonia. The statement that the disease is very prevalent here was authoritatively denied. The state cattle commissioner stated that the disease was rapidly declining. There is not a single case known in this state west of the Hudson river. The disease is reported prevalent in Pennsylvania and the District of Columbia though not an epidemic. A committee of five was appointed to collect facts and frame a memorial to the next session of congress. This committee by a subordinate resolution was empowered to designate three members to proceed to Washington during the session and personally urge the matter on the attention of congress.

Chicago Races.

CHICAGO, September 17.—The second day of the fall meeting of the jockey club had a large attendance; fine weather and good track. Three minute race.

SUMMARY.

Douglass	1	1	1
Don Quixote	2	2	2
Alexander Francis	3	3	3

Time, 2.25½, 2.29, 2.29½.

2.20 CLASS.

Driver	1	1	1
Charley Ford	3	2	2
Scott's Thomas	2	6	4

Following these in order came Mazomanie, Tool Boy, Rose of Washington, Belle Brassfield, John H. and Kate Middleton.

Time, 2.22¼, 2.20¾, 2.20½.

Markets.

CHICAGO, September 17. Cattle receipts 5,500; shipments 700; good many left from yesterday; buyers offering ¼ lower, prices slow; transactions few; shipping 400@490; stockers, 240@300; butchers, dull, steady 175@220; western slow, weak, no lower; Colorado sold 310; through Texans, quiet, slow; sheep receipts 1,600; shipments 340; heavy run and market dull ¼ lower.

ST. LOUIS, September 17.—Cattle supply mainly grass Texan, which sell 215@240; natives scarce; values unchanged; receipts 2,100; shipments 900; sheep demand firm, fair to fancy 300@400; receipts 800; shipments 1,500.

BOSTON, September 17.—Wool demand steady with no special activity; manufacturers were free purchasers at current prices, but holders indifferent about selling, as they expect higher rates soon; medium wool in demand; fine fleeces good request; pulled wool taken as fast as received; sales of medium grades at 28@35; for unwashed, including Kentucky, Missouri Valley, Oregon, Lake, and Georgia at 35@35½; Ohio and Pennsylvania sells at 41@43; medium and No. 1 Michigan and Wisconsin 38@41; fine Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, 38@39 for X and 30@40 for XX; with few lots offering except at outside prices; combing and delaine selections selling 38@43, choice 43@45; California wool fair demand, sales at 25@33; pulled wools 35@45.

Outrage by Strikers.

FALL RIVER, September 17. By far the most shameful outrage of the strikes was committed by strikers this evening. Eight French families, comprising between seventy and eighty men, women and children, arrived here to-day from Canada. They have never worked in a cotton mill and are to work at the Stafford and Crescent mills. The company divided into two parties and one taking to the Stafford mill, the other to the block on Davis street. It was subsequently decided to remove the latter party to a house in the rear of the Crescent mill, some few hundred yards away. The party consisted of two men besides the agents who brought them here, four women and the remainder young boys and girls from eighteen years downwards. As the party came out on the street they were hooted at by the crowd of women, children and some men, and a few stones were thrown. To make the shortest cut they took what is known as Stone Crusher lot, where they were assaulted by a crowd of a hundred and fifty, mostly men. Rocks were thrown at them in perfect showers, and one of the men named Bouches was so roughly assaulted that a man who witnessed the whole affair, said he did not expect him to come out of it alive. He was severely kicked and bruised by a stone. One woman with a babe in her arms was knocked down and kicked. A little boy about seven years of age was struck on the face, and little children were stoned as well as older persons. The party broke and ran in different directions, which broke the crowd.

The police were summoned and Officer Hill and the whole of the district police who happened to be near by were on hand in a few moments, but the alarm was given at their approach. The district police are already known by the disturbers and the crowd had dispersed. Three of the assaulted party got separated from their friends, but one is reported to have been found with some old acquaintances in another part of the city. More indignation is expressed by citizens at this outrage than all the others that have occurred, the cowardly assault on women and children stiring the feeling of every good citizen. No arrests.

FOREIGN.

Cetewayo Captured.

LONDON, September 17.—The following dispatch has just been received from South Africa:

CAPETOWN, August 29, via Aden.

Marter captured Cetewao yesterday. Marter commanded a squadron of dragoons.

Mutual Concessions.

BERLIN, September 17.—The Tribune says, at the visit of Bismarck to Vienna, Germany and Austria, will conclude an agreement mutually guaranteeing each others territory.

Newspapers Suppressed.

BERLIN, September 17. The sale of the current number of the communistic paper Offentheit has been forbidden. The authorities of Saxony have suppressed a dangerous organ called the Glocichauer Wochenblat.

Important Interview.

LONDON, September 17.—Honhenlohe, German embassador at Paris, had a conference with Bismarck to-day lasting some hours. The object is thought important.

Two Millions Lost.

LONDON, September 17.—Currie's distillery was burned to-day. The loss is estimated at from £200,000 to £400,000.

He Is Not Dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—General Skowbeloff will command the expedition against the Turcomans instead of General Tergukasoff.

The czar is in perfect health.

America Ahead.

LONDON, September 17. A correspondent at Blackburn says that one of the largest firms of agents in Lancashire has taken the past fortnight more orders for American cloth for India than they received during the same period for all the English firms which they represent.

Roumelian Disturbances.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 17.—Russia has directed the attention of the powers to recent conflicts between Mussulmans and Christians in eastern Roumelia. She blames the porte for sending back refugees to their homes in a destitute condition and points out that if further disturbances should occur the porte would sacrifice the right of sending Turkish troops into eastern Roumelia.

Hard Times in England.

MANCHESTER, September 17.—The Guardian says until the scarcity begins actually to be felt and not merely threatened it is not likely the short time policy at Oldham will have any marked effect upon the demand or price. The deficiency in the supply of cotton now being painfully realized means an ultimate deficiency in the supply of yarns and cloth.

Cotton operatives at Leigh struck against the five per cent. reduction of wages. The masters threaten to close the mills, alleging that they can buy goods cheaper than they can produce them. The masters at Ashton refused an interview to operatives. The selfactor winders, the main strength of the strike, would resume work if notices of the reduction of wages were withdrawn, if only for a month, and the question of reduction then would be discussed if the trade had not meanwhile improved.

The cotton spinners association has declared in favor of the adoption of the short time system.

The Sovereign mills at Preston have closed for an indefinite period the hands refusing to return to work. Several of the Preston mill owners announce their intention to close the mills for the next three months.

Afghan War.

SIMLA, September 17.—A sergeant with some of the escort of the British residency has arrived at Ali Kheyl. The military authorities received information tending to show that the frontier tribes have partially interrupted communication between Khyber pass and Cabul.

LONDON, Sept. 17, Khushi, about forty miles from Cabul has been occupied by the British in the last few days and will be converted into a rallying point [illegible] may elect to join the British. Indian officials telegraph further details of the attack on the British residency at Cabul. It is related by a trooper who escaped that when the mutinous troops were making an outcry for their pay, a soldier shouted "let us kill the envoy and then the Ameer." The mutineers rushed upon the embassy and stoned off the servants. The troops compecing the escort of the embassy fired upon the mutineers without orders from the British officers. The mutineers then went for their weapons. They were absent about a quarter of an hour, during which time the British officers might have escaped. The residency was defended from the windows and from the intrench made on the outside with mud roofs. The letter sent by an escaped trooper was from Lieutenant Hamilton promising the mutineers six months' pay. It was sent at three o'clock in the afternoon when the mutineers were already on the roof of the residency which was just being set on fire. The bearer of the letter was thrown from the roof and made insensible. When he recovered he was brought before General Kekram Khan, commander of the mutineers' brigade who said he was powerless against the mutineers and ordered the trooper to be imprisoned. On revisiting the residency the escaped trooper saw the bodies of Lieutenant Hamilton and Jenkyns stripped and cut to pieces.

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DRIVERS.

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M. C. Wilbur, Proprietor.

F. B. BROWN, FOREMAN.

LOST.

LOST.—On Sunday morning, on Huerfano street, between the Monument and Weber street, A heavy team (blind) bridle. Apply to E. C. Bartlett's blacksmith shop, near railroad track.
9 16tf.

WANTED

WANTED.—A good girl for general house work in a small family. Apply to E. P. Stephenson.

WANTED.—A woman to do general house work. Apply to H. M. Gazette office.

WANTED. Large clean rags at this office.

WANTED. To trade a good pony for a good milch cow. Apply at GAZETTE office.

WANTED, Immediately. Two good seamstresses. Apply to Miss Gittings, S. E. corner Weber and Pike's Peak Avenue.
9 17 3*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT. One half of a good store room with back room attached, in a desirable location. Apply to J. W. Fairfield, opposite post office.
9 16 3t.

FOR RENT. Pleasant rooms with board at Dr. F. P. Blake's, Pike's Peak Avenue.
9 16 tf.

FOR RENT. House of eight rooms on Nevada Avenue. Inquire of Murphy & Jones. 9-17-tf.

FOR SALE. About 1,300 ewes. Will exchange for wethers or other property. Enquire of Geo. Aux. 9 17 tf

FOR RENT.—Neatly furnished rooms, cor. opp. Episcopal church, east. LEWIS HAGER.
9 9 tf.

TO LET A nicely furnished room in a good location. Apply at this office. 3 12 tf

TO LET SADDLE PONIES. For ladies or gentlemen. Apply at D. G. Lovell's, Kiowa street. 5-28 tf.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. Cheap. For an eastern resident. A pair of matched horses. One a Thoroughbred, one Gold-dust stock. Can trot together in 3:10. Both fine saddlers and drivers. Side-bar top buggy, pole and shafts, double and single harness. Can be seen at M. C. Wilbur's stable, Colorado Springs. For particulars enquire of C. H. White. 9 18 tf.

FOR SALE. Lot 13 (price $200) and the south half of lot 14 (price $100), block 105, Corona street near Huerfano street. Inquire of "B" this office. 9 18 6.

FOR SALE. Twenty good freight mules at M. C. Wilbur's stables. G. W. POOL.
9 18 3.

FOR SALE Story and a half house, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100x190. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Lewis Hager. 2-15-tf.

FOR SALE. HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE CHEAP.—North part of city. If sold at once, will let it go low. Apply to
8 29 tf CHAS. HALLOWELL,
Real Estate Agent, Colorado Springs.

FOR SALE. Livery Stock. Consisting of Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Harnesses, etc. Will sell whole, or portion, to suit purchasers. Will rent or sell barn. For further particulars enquire of [illegible] Livery stable rear of National Hotel, Colorado Springs. 9 5 tf.

FOR SALE. Cheap for cash, new 3¼ Mitchell wagon, two sets (new) double harness, and four horses. T. G. HORN, M. D.
9 2 tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Sheep ranch with extensive range, buffalo and gramma grasses, excellent water. Lot on North Nevada Avenue for sale. Three rooms furnished or unfurnished, for rent. Inquire of D. Ely, N. Tejon street between Dale and Monument.
9 12 6

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN.—Twelve thousand dollars to loan on first-class real estate, in sums of $500 up to $2,000. Apply to Chas. Hallowell, real estate and loan agent, Colorado Springs. 7 23 tf

TO LOAN. Several thousand dollars on real estate. Security must be exceptionally good. Large sums preferred. Apply to CHAS STOCKBRIDGE. 6 7 tf

MISS S. A. VANCE,

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AND

Intelligence Office.

IF you want boarders, or lodgers, or help of any kind leave your order. If you want board, or a house, or rooms, or if you have rooms to rent, I will assist you. If you want work of any kind, call in. I will also buy and sell real and personal property.
E. S. JOSLYN.
Office with T. A. McMorris, Room 2, over Robinson's Drug Store. 9 tf

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REPUBLICAN CALL.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF COLORADO,
DENVER, September 6, 1879.

At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee, held at this place, it was ordered that a State Republican Convention be held on the nineteenth day of September, 1879, at Denver, Colorado, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for:

One Justice of the Supreme Court.

One District Attorney for the First Judicial District.

One District Attorney for the Second Judicial District.

One District Attorney for the Third Judicial District.

One District Attorney for the Fourth Judicial District.

and transacting such other business as may be deemed necessary. The committee fixed the basis of representation in this convention at one delegate for each county, and one delegate for each one hundred votes, or fraction thereof exceeding fifty, polled for Governor Pitkin at the general election of 1878. In accordance with the above, the following appointment for representation was determined upon:

Arapahoe	23	Jefferson	5
Boulder	11	Lake	11
Bent	3	Larimer	5
Costilla	4	La Plata	2
Conejos	5	Las Animas	7
Clear Creek	12	Ouray	5
Custer	3	Park	4
Douglas	3	Pueblo	6
Elbert	3	Rio Grande	4
El Paso	10	Routt	1
Fremont	4	San Juan	4
Gilpin	11	Saguache	3
Grand	1	Summit	3
Gunnison	2	Weld	7
Huerfano	5		
Hinsdale	4	Total	171

The committee requests the various county committees to make, as soon as practicable, provision for the selection of delegates.

WILLIAM A. HAMILL, Ch'n.
HENRY WARD, Sec'y.

An alderman dies but never resigns.

It wouldn't cost any more to elect six aldermen and a mayor than to elect one mayor.

St. George Mivart elaborately inquires: "What are living beings?" The author of "Is life worth living?" is the proper person to answer that conundrum.

The relations between Spain and Cuba remain as indecisive as ever, but it cannot be denied that the gradual approach is being made to a reasonable settlement of the Cuban government on a sure basis, perhaps in the way of limited autonomy, like that of Canada.

General Ogden, who has been favorably mentioned as the democratic candidate for governor in Louisiana next year, gives timely notice that he will not run. Governor Nicholl's experience has not tended to make honorable democrats look with longing on the office.

The trade troubles in England are only partly arranged, and the immediate future of operatives is more discouraging than that of the farmers, as they have not the same inducements to emigrate, and must [illegible] a stoppage of factories and a lack of money. The slight revival in the iron trade seems to be only temporary.

It has been estimated by experts that the stock of gold in this country has increased fully $150,000,000 during the last four years from the products of our mines alone, and our silver production is now in excess of gold. It is believe that we have, including the gold in the treasury, pretty nearly $300,000,000 of that metal, so that we are not at all depending on imports of gold from Europe.

The Indianapolis *Journal* says: "The city of Indianapolis may be well congratulated over her financial condition to which republican rule has brought her in the past three years. The indebtedness of the city is less than one and a half million dollars; the annual expenditures are reduced to about $450,000 per annum, including interest on the debt, and the tax levy is reduced to 75 cents on the $100."

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* takes Senator Thurman lovingly to its bosom, and says of his latest speech: "In his treatment of all the leading questions before the people in the present canvass Senator Thurman has shown himself to be in accord with the democratic party of Ohio. Whatever may have been his difference with them in former years, he is now fully identified with the Ohio democracy and a leader among their leaders."

The St. Petersburg *Gazette* advocates boldly the carrying out of what has been called the secret Anglo-Russian programme in Asia. This is to divide Afghanistan on the line of the Hindoo Koosh Mountains, Russia taking the northern section and England the southern. It has been hinted that England was moving slowly in carrying out this programme, because the government was not sure of popular support. But the massacre of Cabul gives the government its opportunity.

[illegible] of the six legal [illegible] which grows more and more apparent as their acts are reviewed. There is no doubt that they have experienced a change of heart concerning the proper method of curing informalities in their transactions for in times past when they found that they had not put things in a technically correct shape they cured their error by a resolution. But now, forsooth, they have developed an alarming regard for legality, they emulate Shylock in their adherence to the letter of the law, so long as it runs parallel with their desires. Everybody knows there was no necessity for the contentious nagging which the six kept up so long in the council chamber. The acts of the mayor *de facto* were as legal as those of a mayor *de jure* and the only result which has been attained by the contentious six has been the engendering of bad feeling. The regard which the people of Colorado Springs have for Mayor France is such that the miserable technicality which was made the weapon of attack, can never satisfy them that such a proceeding was necessary or judicious.

We regret that Mayor France resigned his position, however trying and unpleasant it may have been. We do not believe the dissatisfaction and quibbling of two or three or even six men in the council could effect his position, but Mayor France is a modest man and when he saw that members of the board of aldermen wanted his place he resigned it. It is too much to hope that the six will imitate his example, but we really should like to see how many of them would be re-elected if they should take their chances at the approaching special election.

The Leadville *Reveille* copies that portion of Dr. Lorimer's letter in the Chicago *Standard* which was so highly complimentary to our city, on its editorial page under the title "Colorado Springs the only Sanitarium." The *Reveille* can afford to be generous, there is no rivalry between the big carbonate camp and our handsome, healthy city.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* (Dem.) projects this shot at John Kelly and his crowd: "It will be a long while before intelligent people forget the part played by John Kelly and the ragmuffins he carried with him to St. Louis. Then, as now, the policy with them was rule or ruin. The days and nights were made hideous by the bawling and bullying of the hired roughs who attended this self-conceited, upstart chieftain, who puffed almost to bursting by wind, malice and prophecy, stalked hither and thither, leading the saturnalia of froth and noise."

The Atlanta *Constitution* entertains this view of the political situation in New York: "The New York contest is mainly of a presidential nature. Instead of two state tickets struggling for the mastery, it is a fight between Conkling, as agent for one U. S. Grant, and Samuel Jones Tilden, acting for himself, for the control of the state. Tilden and Conkling, in fact, may be said to be the only prominent citizens that New York contains, although there are occasional glimpses of John Kelly, George William Curtis and other disturbing aggregations of matter."

Statistics compiled at Washington show a most encouraging degree of growth in American ship building in the past ten years. But three years show an increased tonnage in sailing vessels 1,039 tons in [illegible] steam vessels there was an increase of 2,801 tons in 1868; 5,545 in 1869; 7,602 in 1870; 13,412 in 1871; 12,766 in 1872; 27,548 in 1873; 33,097 in 1874; 21,032 in 1875; 21,346 in 1876; 5,927 in 1877, and 26,960 in 1879. A very large proportion of this increase was contributed by the iron ship yards of the Delaware river.

Whether Yakoob Kahn is alive or dead is of little importance. Whether he was friend or foe of the English, he could not govern his people. The vital question for the British is whether, as is generally believed, Russia instigated the well planned riots which began in Cabul and are in progress in that and other cities, but which have their central point in Herat, where the Russians are in power. If the movement is purely Afghan, it may be crushed. If it is Russian, it may be supported and strengthed until the issue becomes either a war or a division of spoils between England and Russia.

In our editorial remarks yesterday on the aldermanic action the following paragraph occurred: "At the last meeting of the council, as has been announced in our news columns, Judge Williams was elected to act as mayor pro tem, and yet when the question of appointing a city attorney was agitated the council could not find it in their hearts to choose Judge Williams. There was a charming unanimity last Monday evening and Judge Williams received a unanimous vote from the undaunted six." There are those who by a peculiar process of reasoning gathered from this that Judge Danford had resigned his position as city attorney. Of course the question of appointing a city attorney was agitated months ago and it was at that time that the aldermen could not find it in their hearts to appoint Judge Williams. The whirligig of time brings around its revenges and now the undaunted six choose Judge Williams unanimously for mayor pro tem.

PRACTICAL MEN IN PUBLIC LIFE.

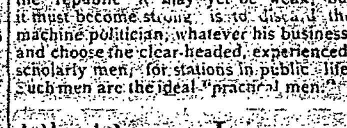
The New York *Mail* discusses the question of the influence of practical men in public life in an extended editorial. There is a good deal of truth in the suggestions of the *Mail* and we lay a portion of its remarks before our readers. The writer says:

President Hayes said at Cincinnati that his desire is to have the government administered upon business principles and by business methods. He thus indicates the secret of successful government. General Grant undoubtedly perceived the need of bringing trained business talents into the service of the government when he nominated A. T. Stewart to be secretary of the treasury, and had he escaped an unfortunate alliance with scheming politicians, he might have made his administration conform more strictly to business principles. John Randolph sneered at what he termed a "counting-house administration," but the tendency of the times is in favor of the theories of President Hayes and his predecessor, rather than of that of the hero of Roanoke. Some of the most useful of our public men have been those who have entered the service of the government from the counting room, and have earned their fame as practical, rather than as professional men.

In his paper before the Science association at Saratoga, Mr. Hill, of Boston, makes a plea for the introduction of more practical men into public life. He believes that our halls of legislation are too exclusively in the possession of lawyers, saying that five-sevenths of the senators and three-fourths of the representatives in congress are members of the legal profession.

Mr. Hill is right in advocating the fitness of many of our leaders of commerce for active participation in public affairs, but possibly he bases their adaptation for such a service too exclusively upon their business occupation. The men who are fit for public life are honest persons whom nature in the first place, has endowed with strong, clear intellects. They are in the next place, men who have acquired no inconsiderable amount of learning, whether their attainments are acquired with or without the aid of academic and professional schools. They are, in the third place, men of extended experience in practical affairs. The possession of these qualifications is indispensable to fitness for a place among the legislators of our Republic. Wherever such men can be found, whether in the counting room, at the bar, or in the professor's chair, they are the ones to be choosen to fill the places which are too often held by political tricksters and incompetent boors. It is not wise to select public men on the basis of class distinction. Wherever a strong, cultivated, experienced man can be secured, be he lawyer, merchant prince, professor or manufacturer, elevate him to a responsible position in public life. The tendency in the republic it may yet be weak, but it must become strong, is to discard the machine politician, whatever his business, and choose the clear-headed, experienced, scholarly men, for stations in public life. Such men are the ideal "practical men."

El Paso Livery,



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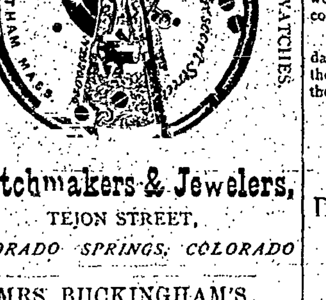

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Sulphate of Soda	⅛	⅛
Chloride of Sodium	2⅛	Trace.
Silica	1.24	Trace.
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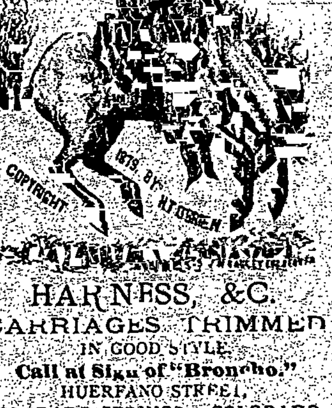

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1879.

Royal Marriages.

Poor King Alfonso is finally to be married. An embassy is shortly to set out from Madrid to Vienna to bring the Archduchess Marie Christine to Spain, when she will become Alfonso's bride. The poor young man has never seen her. He does not even know what her mother's temper is, nor to what extent her brothers will borrow of him, but, nevertheless, he will have to marry her and live on friendly terms with the whole of her numerous German relatives.

The marriages of royal personages are the most prosaic affairs. When an English princess arrives at the marriageable age, Queen Victoria says to Mr. Gladstone or Lord Beaconsfield, as the case may be, "By the bye, how is the German prince market just now?" The prime minister replies that "It is rather overstocked, as usual, and that a good fair article of duke or archduke can be had quite reasonably." Whereupon he is ordered to make out a list of marriageable Germans of royal or, at least, noble birth, and to send it up to the palace the next time the messenger boy has occasion to pass that way. When the list arrives her majesty runs it over and tries to select a name, but uniformly fails—one German name being about as unattractive as another. The result is that she finally writes to the British Ambassador at Berlin to send her 1 (one) marriageable German prince, and charge freight and expenses to the contingent fund. In due time the German arrives and is delivered at the place door. If he is a fat prince, there is generally an attempt made on the part of the Queen to have the expressman bring him up to the second-story back bedroom, but hitherto the expressman has always stoutly refused, asserting that his duty was done when he delivered packages or princes at the front door. In the course of the evening the queen informs her daughter that a husband for her has arrived from Germany, and that she is to marry him that day week, to which the dutiful daughter replies, "Just as you please, ma," and beyond expressing a faint hope that the new husband is good tempered, betrays no further interest in the subject. When the wedding day arrives the marriage takes place in due and proper style, and the newly-wedded pair then begin to form an acquaintance.

There is not a particle of romance or poetry about this sort of thing. The delights of courtship are absolutely unknown to the properly brought up English Princess. From the time she is a little girl she knows that the inevitable German will some day be deposited at the front door, and that she will have to take possession of him as her husband. The poorest girl in England may taste the bliss of moonlight walks with a real lover, but the English Princess regards love as the invention of the poets and practical lovers as vulgar and plebian in the extreme. So far as Alfonso is concerned, he has not been allowed the least liberty of choice, but has had to accept the Princess whom his cabinet thought proper to select.

And yet the young man is decidedly more fortunate than most persons. His first wife was a Spanish girl, and he was actually allowed some little liberty of courtship. She was the daughter of old Duke Montpensier, who, having for many years followed the profession of a pretender to the Spanish throne, agreed to go out of business on condition that his daughter should marry the king. Montpensier was therefore very friendly to his intended son-in-law, and gave him every show, as a western statesman would say. Alfonso was allowed to come every Sunday night and sit in the Montpensiers' back parlor, and at 9.30 the old gentleman always went to bed, with a discretion which it could be wished that all fathers would imitate. Moreover, Alfonso and Mercedes were allowed to take moonlight walks, and it is even said that they once swung together on the front gate. Still, the young king was made to feel the burden of his rank. He was never allowed to go courting without the company of two cabinet ministers and a squadron of dragoons. It was all very well for old Montpensier to go to bed at 9:30, but it availed little, [illegible] the two cabinet ministers persistently sat in the back parlor. Perhaps they were humane men, and occasionally heard a supposititious cat in the dining room, whither they went for a few moments in pretended search of her, but it is more probable that they strictly performed their duty and sat in the back parlor, with invariable and maddening persistency. Then, too, the romance of a moonlight walk must have been seriously marred by the ten dragoons that rode clanking in front of the lovers, and the ten more that came clattering behind them. As for the alleged front-gate exploit, it must have been a large gate that held a king, a princess, and two cabinet ministers, and in the circumstances we can but regard the gate-swinging as a prosaic failure. Nevertheless, Alfonso has had a little experience of real courtship, and in that respect he is far in advance of any other king of modern times.—*N. Y. Times.*

Horse-Racing and Politics.

In an eating-house on Jefferson avenue were four or five men at a table, and a single man leaning against the wall and asleep. The party were discussing the subject of horse-racing, and one of them finally declared:

"I do not believe there has been one honest race for money for ten years past!"

A second was rather neutral in his opinions, but the third brought his fist down on the table and roared out:

"I tell you this corruption must be stopped; but what is the remedy?"

The stranger opened his eyes as the dishes jarred, and, slowly rising and walking over to the last speaker, he pointed his finger at him and softly said:

"Attend the primaries—blast you! attend the primaries!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Deadly Poison of the Centipede.

Several Mexicans were in camp at the mouth of Memphis Creek, Utah Territory, and were lying about the fire, when one of them, Telestoro Crucas, saw a large centipede, fully nine inches, travelling slowly over his leg. Knowing that the least motion would make it sink its deadly claws into his skin, without moving his leg he got out his revolver and waited until the beast had almost reached his knee, when slowly putting the mouth of the pistol to his head he pulled and the centipede was gone. But a centipede's claws are quicker than gunpowder, and Crucas began to have cramps in a few minutes. The track of the reptile along his leg turned a brownish yellow, and the place where it was killed swelled frightfully. He rapidly grew worse, and in a little over four hours he died in great agony. The most singular part of the story is, that the bullet from Crucas' pistol cut a small nick in the fore-leg of a mule that was tethered near by, and at daylight the next morning the mule was also dead, with its leg so swollen that the skin had burst in several places.—*Canton (Texas) Vigilant.*

A Texas Cave Town.

A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, writing from Texas, says: "We passed through a town some ninety miles northwest of Fort Worth, called Oregon City, whose inhabitants live in caves, not particularly because they are savages or know nothing of the comforts of civilized life, but merely on account of the scarcity of lumber and the distance from market. Uncomfortable as this may sound, the inhabitants of these caves live most comfortably, the atmosphere is cool during the summer, and they tell us that during the coldest weather of last winter, they actually suffered from the heat in what they call their adobe houses. These caves are not natural formations, but are dug out of a side hill, are about the size of a moderately large room, and at the side farthest from the entrance have a fireplace, and a flue running up to the surface of the ground, farther up the hill than the entrance. Good ventilation is thus secured, and with good drainage above, the cave is quite dry. The idea is a good one for frontier settlers who have not the wherewith to buy material for better habitations. This little town was begun last fall by a colony from Oregon, and contains about twenty families."

Boucicault on Bernhardt.

"In England the public taste is for burlesque. Crutches and toothpicks in the stalls, Nelly Farrens and Nelly Bromleys upon the stage. Fashionable inanity applauding inane smartness or inane beauty."

"And Sarah Bernhardt?" I interposed.

"That," retorted Mr. Boucicault instantly, "is a febrile symptom. Bernhardt is not a greater actress than several English women who have played in my time. The sensation she has excited in sober England is a fever, and will cool off presently, and leave the patient more exhausted and more inane than ever."

"Absinthe upon beer," I interjected.

"Exactly," replied Mr. Boucicault; "and the result of drinking absinthe upon beer is temporary insanity—the very wildest form of intoxication."—*Interview with Dion Boucicault in the Whitehall Review.*

"Old Si" Enforces Respect for "De Ole Folks."

"Look hyar," said Old Si, as he encountered a negro trudging along with his head through the middle of a ladder; "look hyar, don't yer slew dat ladder round heah so brash! First ting yer knows, yer'll brush off two or t'ree white fokes from dis pabement and den dar'll be er hurdder independent candydate fer de chane-gang sndddintly spred roun twix de gutter an' de kyar-track!"

"Ef yer don't want ter git dat ole jaw ob yourn bustid all ober de lef' side ob yo' hed, yer better git off in de wagin rode when I cums 'long!" replied the darkey ladderman.

Old Si regarded the fellow with one eye on the squint, and then bent down an end of the ladder and held it to the ground with his foot, and as the saucy fellow stood painfully in this improved stock the old man said:

"Hit 'pears ter me you is er onripe nigger in dese parts. Ef you'd been libin' 'round hyar long you'd kno'd 'fore now dat hit's equibalent ter goin' ter Memphis ter nuss yaller leber ter sass me. I'se de man you'se heerd tell 'bout what crippl'd dat elerfint in de cirkus leas' year by jess layin' my han' on his back. Dey had ter men' dat elerfint by bracin' his backbone wid a bar of raleroad irun, yer heah me!"

"I didn't mean no harm, sho'!" whined the darkey in the ladder.

"[illegible] you did, but don yo' mout' 'pears to be sot on moughty loose hinges. Dis town hez got sartin rules ob ettiket de frunt wun ob whom are dat yung niggers and furrin mokes mus' keep order when de old fokes is passin' by!"

"I'll do dat, sartin' see ef I don't!"

"I kno's dat you will, kase I'm gwine ter keep you in min'. Whenebber I heahs dat some nigger wid jaws on him like de side ob er 1864 habbersack, an'er nose like er burnt pine log mauled in de groun' wid er fence rale, an' eyes on him like de knuckle bones ob er Texas steer, an' wool on his head liker black ram bo'n in er cuckle burr patch, I'll kno' hits you; an' when I ketches up wid yer, I'll boun' yer tink Atlanta is sicherwated right in de middle of Yazoo city, an' I is de haf-brudder of Gineral Barksdale wid er shotgun in bofe han's. Now go on an' sin no mo', 'dout, you'se reddy ter exode simultanter."

And the old man raised his foot and passed on contentedly.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on Tuesday, the seventh day of October next at the several voting places in the several Election Precincts, in the County of El Paso and State of Colorado, a General Election will be held, at which time there will be elected

One Judge of the Supreme Court.

One District Attorney for the Fourth Judicial District.

And the following County Officers, to-wit:

One County Clerk.

One Sheriff.

One Coroner.

One County Treasurer.

One County Superintendent of Schools.

One County Surveyor.

One County Assessor.

One County Commissioner.

Also, one Justice of the Peace, one Constable, and one Road Overseer, in each Justice's Precinct.

Which election will be opened at eight o'clock in the morning, and continue open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

Dated at Colorado Springs this Fifth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

IRVING HOWBERT,
County Clerk.

9-7-e. o. d. td.

Retail Market Report.

Groceries.

Apples, dried, ℔ lb	[illegible]	@	40
Blackberries, dried, ℔ lb new	10	—	12½
Beans, ℔ lb	4	@	5
Coffee, Rio, ℔ lb	18	@	22
Coffee, Java, ℔ lb	35	@	40
Corn Meal, ℔ 100 lbs			80
Cherries, dried, ℔ lb	25	@	30
Currants, dried, ℔ lb	10	@	
Coal Oil, ℔ gallon	30	@	40
Lard, ℔ lb	10	@	12½
Prunes, ℔ lb	10	@	12½
Raspberries, dried, ℔ lb	40	@	
Raisins, ℔ lb	15	@	20
Sugar, brown, ℔ lb	9½	@	10½
Sugar, extra C, ℔ lb	11	@	
Sugar, A coffee, ℔ lb	11		
Sugar, cut loaf, ℔ lb	15		
Sugar, powdered, ℔ lb	15		
Tea, green ℔ lb	50	@	1 00
Tea, black, ℔ lb	75	@	1 00
Bacon, ℔ lb	7	@	[illegible]
Hams, ℔ lb	10	@	11

Meats and Game.

Sausage ℔ lb			15
Beef, ℔ lb	6	@	20
Dried Beef, ℔ lb	15		
Corned Beef, ℔ lb	6	@	15
Turkeys ℔ lb			22
Chickens, ℔ dozen	6 00	@	7 00
Mutton, ℔ lb	8	@	20
Sausage, Bologna, ℔ lb	15		
Veal, ℔ lb	10	@	20

Wholesale Price Current.

Apples, ℔ bbl	$5 00	@	5 50
Potatoes, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Cheese (Gwillum)	12½	@	
Coal (Canon) per ton	4 95	@	5 50

Butter and Eggs.

Butter, ranch, ℔ lb	25	@	30
Eggs, states, ℔ dozen	15	@	20
Eggs, ranch, ℔ dozen	20	@	25

Vegetables.

Beets, new, ℔ lb	2½		
Cabbage, ℔ lb	3	@	4
Onions, ℔ lb			
Potatoes, ℔ lb	1	@	1½

Flour, Grain, Hay, Etc.

Corn, ℔ 100 lbs	1 25	@	1 35
Oats, ℔ 100 lbs	1 80	@	
Corn Chop, ℔ 100 lbs	1 35	@	1 40
Mixed Feed, ℔ 100 lbs	1 50	@	
Corn Meal, ℔ 100 lbs	1 75	@	1 90
Bran, ℔ 100 lbs	1 00	@	
XXXX Flour, ℔ sack	3 15	@	3 25
Hay, ℔ ton	15 00	@	20 00

Lumber, Shingles, Sash, Etc.

Colorado Clear, 1¼, 1½, & 2 in., ℔ M	35 00	@	40 00
Clear, 1 in., ℔ M	35 00		
Flooring, D & M, ℔ M	30 00		
Common Lumber, ℔ M	20 00		
Chicago Clear, 1¼, 1½ & 2 in., ℔ M	60 00		
" " 1 in., ℔ M	45 00	@	55 00
" Flooring, D & M, ℔ M	35 00		
" Clear Siding, ℔ M	25 00		
" ½ Beaded Ceiling, ℔ M	27 00		
Shingles, ℔ M	4 75		
Lath, ℔ M	4 75		
Doors, 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1 in	1 50		
" 2 ft x 6 ft, 1 3-16	1 75		
" 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1 3-16	1 95		
" 2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in, 1 3-16	2 10		
" 2 ft 6 in x 6 ft 6 in, 1¼	2 41		
" 2 ft 8 in x 6 ft 8 in, 1¼	2 30		
Sash Doors	3 75	@	4 00
Windows, glazed, 8x10—12 light	1 25		
" " 10x12—8 "	1 65		
" " 10x14—8 "	1 80		
" " 12x14—8 "	2 10		
" " 12x16—8 "	2 25		
Blinds, ℔ pair	1 75	@	2 00
Tar Paper, ℔ lb	04		
Carpet Paper, ℔ lb	[illegible]		

BAKERY

AND

CONFECTIONERY.

Boston Brown Bread.

FINE STOCK OF FRENCH AND CREAM CANDIES.

CARAMELS, ETC.

Bread, Buns, Rolls, Pies of best quality fresh every day.

Wedding Cakes Made to Order.

Nuts, Oranges, Lemons, Crackers, etc., etc. The only first-class bakery in the city.

WM. BUSH,

P. O. BLOCK, COLORADO SPRINGS.

CODE SUMMONS.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss.
COUNTY OF EL PASO. }

In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District,
Phebe Charlton, Plaintiff, } SUMMONS.
Against
Isaac Charlton, Defendant.

The people of the State of Colorado send greeting:

TO Isaac Charlton, defendant above named. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you, by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Colorado, in and for the County of El Paso, and answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days exclusive of the day of service, if served within this county; or if served out of this county but in this District, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days; or judgement by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. The said action is brought to obtain a divorce. Cause, extreme cruelty, as will more fully appear by the complaint on file herein to which reference is here made. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the State of Colorado, in and for the County of El Paso, this 8th day of September, A. D. 1879. [Seal] O. J. KENNEDY, Clerk.

C. W. BURRIS,
9-9-4w. Plaintiff's Attorney.

Stoves & Tinware!

General Jobbing in Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware.

W. C. STARK,

HUERFANO STREET, COLORADO SPRINGS.

8 29 3m

New Fall Hats and Bonnets JUST RECEIVED.

A full line of zephyrs and card board, Shetland wools, Saxony yarns, etc. Also a well assorted stock of ladies' ruching, corsets, hosiery and fancy goods at the new millinery store.

P. ERICKSON,
Wellesley's new block, opposite Post Office.
8-13-1y

OYSTERS.

The Oyster season has now arrived.

—CALL AT

KENNEY'S RESTAURANT

Where you can get oysters in all styles. Also Fish and game of every description.

W. H. Kenney, Proprietor.

9-12 tf.

HOTELS.

Colorado Springs Hotel

—AND—

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

Under One Management.

The undersigned has placed them in perfect order and will keep them in better shape and guarantee a superior table to any house in the city. More visitors can be accommodated than by any three hotels in the city, and is the best located. First class in every respect, and are the only two hotels in the city that have an unobstructed view of the mountains. Terms moderate.

J. F. ATHERTON,
4 3 1yr COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

CENTRAL HOTEL!

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO.

J. P. McMILLEN, Proprietor.

The Best $2.00 per Day House in the State.

This Hotel is now open to the public. EVERY room has been newly papered, painted, calcimined, and furnished throughout with spring [illegible]

It is located in the very center of the City, adjacent to all business houses. Free carriages to and from all trains. RATES:—$2.00 Per Day.

National Hotel,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COL.

CURTISS & QUEREAU, Proprs.

This house is conveniently located, commanding a fine view of the mountains, and is in every way a most desirable stopping place. The table is unsurpassed by any hotel in the state; and the rooms, which are large and airy, are luxuriously furnished.

CLIFF HOUSE

AT

Manitou Springs, Colo.,

Will be Kept Open During the Winter

AT

REDUCED RATES!

W. W. NICHOLS, Chief Clerk. E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor.

S. E. SESSIONS,

Contractor & Builder.

SHOP—in block opposite Post Office. P. O. Box 155.

All work promptly attended to. 4 18 tf

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY

BY PATRONIZING

F. M. PECK,

Who has in stock a fine line of

Gentlemen's Piece Goods, for Dress or Business Suits

which he will make to order and

Guarantee a Fit and the Best of Satisfaction.

Call and see my stock, which is equal to the best in Colorado.

Prices Always Reasonable.

SHIP ALL YOUR GOODS FOR LEADVILLE,

IN CARE OF

TRUE & SUTTON,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants.

Oldest and Best Grocery House in Town.

☞ *A Competent Gunsmith.* ☜

WM. CONVERSE,

An experienced, careful and skillful workman at ANY KIND of mechanical work or repairing.

POSTOFFICE BLOCK, UP STAIRS

A. SAGENDORF.

DEALER IN

DRUGS.

MEDICINES,

PERFUMERIES,

Toilet & Fancy Articles. &c.

All the "New preparations" kept in stock and dispensed by a thoroughly educated and experienced pharmacist.

SOUTH END UNION BLOCK,

Colorado Springs. - - - Colo

ODLE & SHERMAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FINE GROCERIES, FLOUR,

Selected Teas, Pure Coffees and Spices,

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, and Canned Goods of all Kinds.

Huerfano Street, Under City Hall, Colorado Springs.

ARRIVED!

A Fine Line of

Heavy Woolens,

Nobby Suitings,

and Fine Trouserings.

CALL AND SEE THEM!

☞ Goods sold by the yard at a very small margin above cost. ☜

CHARLES STEARNS.

9.4-tf Pike's Peak Avenue, opposite True & Sutton's grocery store.

GUNS, RIFLES,

AND

REVOLVERS.

UPWARDS OF 700 RIFLES, GUNS AND REVOLVERS,

AS GOOD AS NEW.

WILL BE SOLD LOWER THAN THEY EVER HAVE BEEN OFFERED BEFORE.

Made by all the Best Makers!

Broken Boxes of Ammunition

AT HALF PRICE.

DON'T BUY A GUN UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN THE STOCK AT

C. STOCKBRIDGE'S,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE.

COLORADO SPRINGS COLORADO

GO TO THE

HARDWARE HARDWARE

HARDWARE, STOVES & TINWARE,

Iron, Nails, Steel, Builders' Hardware,

MINERS AND CAMPERS SUPPLIES

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION.

Steward Ranges, Charter Oak and Stewart Cook Stoves,

Clinton and Bright Vision Base Burners.

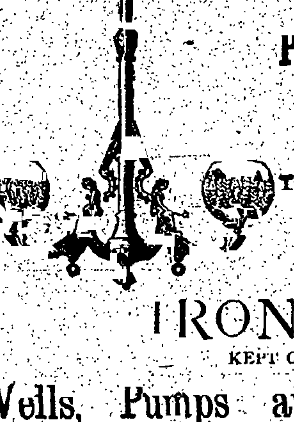
THE CHEAPEST, BEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINE —OF— Cook and Heating Stoves in Colorado Springs.

See us before buying elsewhere. A first-class tin shop in connection with the store. Repairing and job work done with neatness and dispatch.

West Side Tejon Street, Colorado Springs. } 9 5 tf

DURKEE & LEE.

GO TO



J. H. Drinkwater,

PRACTICAL

PLUMBER & GAS-FITTER.

Dealer in all Plumbing and Gas-fitting Material. Orders taken for

Iron Mantels, Grates, etc

A Full Assortment of

IRON PIPE,

KEPT ON HAND FOR

Wells, Pumps and Mining Purposes.

ALL WORK DONE IN A FIRST-CLASS MANNER AND ALL MATERIAL OF BEST QUALITY.

Office and Residence Pike's Peak Ave., bet. Tejon and Nev. Ave. } COLORADO SPRINGS

W. LENNOX & BRO.,

PROPRIETORS OF

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

AND DEALERS IN

CANON CITY COAL.

☞ Office at Coal Yard near freight depot. Order Books at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

J. F. MYERS,

FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Dyeing & Scouring Done to Order. Repairing Neatly & Promptly Executed.

Barton & Hodgman's Block, Huerfano St.,

Colorado Springs, Col.

7-20-3m

A GOOD PLAN. THE MOST PROFITable way for dealing in stocks is by combining many orders and co-operating them as a whole, dividing profits pro rata among the shareholders, according to the market. Each customer thus secures all the advantages of immense capital and experienced skill, and can use any amount from $10 to $10,000 or more, with equal proportionate success. "New York Stock Reporter" and new circular mailed free. Full information for any one to operate successfully. LAWRENCE & Co., 57 Exchange Place, New York. 9 3 3m*

ADVERTISERS

Are already beginning to feel the advantage of a good weekly newspaper issued every Saturday amongst their friends and patrons in the country.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE.COM

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1879.

Official Paper of the City and County.

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	TRAINS GOING NORTH.
Thro Freight.	*Way Freight.*
Arrive.......... 3.17 P. M.	Arrive .... 10.53 A. M.
Leave.......... 3.55 P. M.	Leave .... 11.35 A. M.
San Juan Express.	*San Juan Express.*
Arrive.......... 11.35 P. M.	Arrive.......... 4.10 P. M.
Leave.......... 11.40 P. M.	Leave.......... 4.15 P. M.

Through Tickets for sale [illegible] the depot. Fare same from here as from Denver or Pueblo. Parties [illegible]
For full information call on or address
G. W. SHARPLESS, Agent.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

El Paso County.

County Commissioner,
J. C. WOODBURY.
County Clerk,
E. J. EATON,
Sheriff,
W. A. SMITH.
County Treasurer,
JOHN POTTER.
County Assessor,
A. A. McGOVNEY.
County Superintendent,
J. P. EASTERLY.
County Coroner,
W. W. PERKINS.
County Surveyor,
W. E. MEEK.

Precinct No. 6.

Justice of the Peace,
WM. STARK.
Constable,
L. C. DANA.
Road Overseer,
M. A. FOSTER.

The Matt France hose company meets to-night for drill.

Mr. J. M. Gibbs' new house on Pike's Peak avenue is all enclosed.

Messrs. Peck & Farrar will open their new meat market on Pike's Peak avenue to-day.

Denver is full of pickpockets. Those of our citizens who expect to attend the fair next week will do well to leave their money at home.

Mr. S. B. Westerfield's residence on Weber street is completed, and Mr. and Mrs. Westerfield took possession last Tuesday.

The Philharmonic Society will meet this evening in the Congregational church. An orchestra has been secured and the orchestra will be present this evening.

The Union and Kansas Pacific Express Company has extended its business over the Denver Pacific, Colorado Central, and the Denver & South Park railways.

Mr. E. E. Hooker's horse, desiring a little fun on his own responsibility, indulged in a short run, Tuesday evening, which resulted in a much shaken up delivery wagon.

Workmen have been busily engaged for some days past in putting the roof on the college. The work has been pushed forward as rapidly as possible, and the building is now about enclosed.

Everything augurs a large attendance at [illegible] privileges of the grounds, which were sold last Tuesday afternoon brought more than double the figures of other years.

Dr. Isaac Davis, of Manitou, wore a happy smile upon his countenance yesterday when he left word at this office that the "14th edition" of himself had arrived in his family the day previous.

Mr. F. E. Dow, the clothier, has a choice selection of men's black ties which he had manufactured for this market and stamped with his name. They are considerably longer than the ordinary tie and are very elegant indeed.

In the district court at Denver last Tuesday the case of Daniel Davidson for murder was continued until the 20th of January next. The defendant was held in the sum of $5,000, with Mr. David McShane and Mr. L. D. Simpson, of this city, as sureties.

Mr. James Duncan who has been handling musical instruments in this city for a number of years informs us that the trade in that line of business has greatly increased this year over that of any previous season. Mr. Duncan has just ordered some handsome new instruments.

Yesterday was the "boss" day as regards smoke. The air was so dense that none of our surrounding scenery was visible from the city. Just a slight blast of one of Colorado's gentle zephyrs would clear up the present muddled state of the atmosphere.

The *Mountaineer* news and stationery company has fitted up a neat room on the first floor of their office on Pike's Peak avenue, and opened an excellent stock of stationery, miscellaneous books and everything that is usually kept in a first-class establishment of that character. Our readers will find the proprietors pleasant and courteous gentlemen to deal with.

A new venture appears on our table in the Longmont *Ledger*, a little five column paper published by a company styling themselves the Ledger Company. It is printed on the material formerly used on the *Valley Home and Farm*. It starts out with a good patronage.

When a red hot Bourbon paper such as the Pueblo *Democrat* speaks as follows you may know that a good man is referred to. The *Democrat* says: "We see that our old friend, John Potter, has been nominated for treasurer of El Paso county. If a republican is to be elected, we know of no man more deserving of the place."

The following gentlemen are delegates from this county to the state convention which meets in Denver to-morrow: Judge J. L. Williams, Charles H. White, C. R. Husted, B. F. Crowell, Walter A. Smith, A. T. Blachly, Major W. H. Macomber, Major Henry McAllister, jr., D. D. Desmond and A. H. Barrett.

In another column will be found a notice of the death of an old citizen of this county, Mr. Joseph Hemenway. The deceased lived in the neighborhood of Colorado Springs for eight years and has many friends here. Two of his sons, Adney and Frank Hemenway, are residents of this county. His death occurred on the 18th of August, near Emporia, Kansas.

As an evidence of the business prosperity of this city we notice the fact that during the last week in August Messrs. Woodgate & Hundley sold seven hundred dollars' worth of boots and shoes. We call that a good trade in a city of this size which contains three other first-class establishments handling this kind of goods exclusively, besides another firm carrying a very heavy stock.

The Leadville coach left Woodgate & Hundley's store yesterday morning with five passengers bound for Leadville. They were Chas. Hinman, W. L. Copeland, Miss Marion McLeod, H. Harrison and D. H. Arland. The coach also carried about four hundred pounds of express. Tuesday night J. W. Clapp, Douglas E. Henneberry, Milo Case, C. L. and J. F. Wilson arrived by this coach from Leadville.

Mr. E. A. Peters of the firm of Kerstens & Peters, paper dealers of Denver, was married on the 18th instant at Covington, Kentucky, to Miss Amelia Orr. Mr. Peters is well known in Colorado, having traveled in the interests of the firm of which he is a member, for five years or more, and he is everywhere known as a pleasant gentleman and a successful business man, and we are constrained to say that this last transaction is one of the wisest of his whole career.

We are in receipt of Number one, Volume one of a new democratic paper just established at Ouray by Messrs. Day & Letcher. It is called *The Solid Muldoon*. There are two drawbacks to the success of this new venture. First, its name is against it, and second, Colorado is a remarkably poor field for democratic journalism. The initial number of the paper, however, is full of San Juan news, and if the same enterprise is displayed in the future, it will do much toward advertising the mineral wealth of southwestern Colorado.

The Denver papers announce the fact that Mr. Robt. J. Burdette, the humorous editor of the Burlington (Iowa) *Hawkeye*, will lecture in Denver on the 3d of October. Mr. Burdette is one of the very few original wits our country has [illegible] And while his humorous paragraphs have made an obscure country paper widely known, it is claimed that his lectures far surpass any of his writings in pure fun. It has been suggested that an effort be made to secure a visit from Mr. Burdette to Colorado Springs, as our people would of course enjoy one of his lectures very much. We understand that negotiations are now pending with a view to bring Mr. Burdette here, and we trust that they may be successful.

Bible Society.

A meeting of the Bible Society of this city was held at the Congregational church Tuesday evening, presided over by Judge G. H. Stewart. The services were led by the Rev. W. A. Hyde and a very interesting time was had. The Rev. Wm. McCandlish, of Omaha, the secretary of the American Bible Society, and whose work extends over four states and territories, including Colorado, is in the city and was of course at the meeting. He has just visited Rosita, West Las Animas, Silver Cliff and Leadville, and at the last two places established societies, the others already being supplied. The society at Colorado Springs have their depository with E. P. Howbert & Co. The plan of sending books here to be paid for when sold, which has been so long practiced, has been dropped, and only as many books as the society here can pay for on receipt are sent. This method is made practicable by the extreme cheapness with which the books can now be supplied. An elegant family Bible can now be purchased at the depository for two dollars and a half, and a common Bible for twenty-five cents, while a pocket testament can be bought for five cents. This is indeed furnishing the scriptures at low figures. According to Mr. McCandlish's report the society is in a flourishing condition. The net cash receipts this year are $15,000 above those of any previous year.

FROM LEADVILLE.

Rapid Expansion of Prospecting Enterprise—Up the Evans Gulches and Over the Range—Northeast to the Head Waters of the East Fork and Over the Divide into Ten Mile and Beyond.

From the regular correspondent of the Gazette.

LEADVILLE, Sept. 16.

Pushing up the Evans gulches, the spring tide of prospectors crept along the steep declivities of the shorter spurs and finally surmounted the comb of the main Park range itself, developing here and there rich fissure veins and true carbonate deposits in localities where their presence had been merely conjectural. Early in the summer, "bald-headed deposits," or deposits of carbonates above timber line, on the main range, were unearthed for the first time, proving the existence of an additional belt and disproving the theory which makes all carbonate deposits the creation of a single geological age, distinct from that of the Park range proper. Later, the active workers scattered down the eastern slope of the range through Mosquito Pass, and opened one of the most promising districts discovered this season.

Further north, the long spur which runs down from Chalk Mountain between the east and west forks of the Arkansas, and whose abrupt southeastern face makes a bold front in the view, looking north from Leadville, while its opposite and more gentle slopes sweep down into Tennessee Park, has suffered the general infliction and is pot-holed with innumerable shafts and tunnels. A ride up the East Fork, on the Ten Mile road, is now sure to be enlivened by the echoing thunders of blast after blast, where a year ago the mighty rock-ledges were gazing grimly at each other across a silent valley. Eight miles from Leadville the valley opens on the right into Birdseye Gulch, where valuable gold discoveries have recently been made. Stamp mills are talked of and large promises made for another season. Two miles further on, Tabor City, a respectable hamlet, furnishes post office, stores and rum-holes (miners' hell-gates) for the convenience of the miners of Chalk Mountain, which extends two miles northward to the Ten Mile and Eagle River divide. Chalk Mountain has proved its mineral value this season, but litigation, next to whisky, the miner's greatest curse, has checked development.

At the divide you cannot look back along the spurs, and more easterly up and down the lofty ridges and abrupt rock faces of Park range, now literally swarming with prospectors, without a sense of wonder at the marvelous extent and resistless energy of an excitement which has thus animated, in a single season, one of nature's wildest scenes of desolation. Yet this is but a slight segment of the great circle surrounding Leadville. Now look forward, and still before you lies the district of Ten Mile, one of Leadville's best outposts, mainly a creation of 1879. The absence of smelters and the low average grade of her ores, has combined to hinder rapid development in Ten Mile, but hundreds of discoveries made this year will prove valuable when the ore market can be had at home. While not the prevailing ores, true carbonates are nevertheless found in Ten Mile.

Going back to the west fork of the Arkansas, running south from Tennessee Pass, through Tennessee Park, to its junction with the East Fork above Malta, you find on your right, along the gentle slopes of the spur before mentioned, the tents and cabins, the shafts and tunnels of hundreds [illegible] many cases been successful beyond their highest expectations. Tennessee Park will make its mark another year. Over the pass and down the Eagle for thirty miles, camp after camp dates its birth with this summer's sun. Last year this valley was famous only for game; it is now known to possess extensive deposits of true carbonates which need simply a near market to insure their rapid output.

The flood has not only swept up the eastern slopes and penetrated the wild gulches and inner recesses of the Sawatch range, across the valley from Leadville but has crept over the high passes and flowed down the streams whose waters wander off to the Pacific. Rich veins of silver and richer of gold, are rewarding the pioneer prospectors in that direction. On the south, the ridges along Iowa and Empire gulches have been covered with claims all the way to the Park range. Many promising finds are reported as the result of this season's work. A wonderful stimulus has been imparted to all the camps further down the Arkansas valley, Lake creek, with Independence gulch just over the range, Cottonwood, Chalk creek, and especially South Arkansas, all display an activity that promises great things for the future. On the South Arkansas the prospects seem exceptionally promising several genuine deposits of the best quality having been discovered. The Gunnison developments are a natural result of the Leadville excitement.

Having swept around the circle it will be observed that the long prospecting trails, worn deep by the travel of thousands, radiate in every direction like the spokes of a wheel with Leadville as the hub. Herein lies one of the secrets of the vast magnitude of the business transactions of the "liveliest camp ever known."

J. L. LOOMIS.

Any person not receiving their paper regularly will confer a favor by making it known at this office.

CHIEF JUSTICE NOAH DAVIS.

What He told a World Reporter about Colorado.

Chief Justice Noah Davis, who spent some weeks at Manitou and whose address at the Feast of Lanterns in this city is so pleasantly remembered by the people of Colorado Springs, has returned to New York. A reporter of the New York *World* had a talk with the justice and obtained his opinion of Colorado. Our people will be pleased to read what the distinguished judge had to say of this country. The *World's* article is as follows:

New York has thirty-three supreme court judges, who have equal jurisdiction over the whole state, but who are elected in different districts formed of counties. Noah Davis was one of these judges twenty-two years ago, and elected in the district which partly borders on Lakes Erie and Ontario. He was a judge there from 1857 to 1868, when he went to congress from the Niagara district. When he was a supreme court judge of this western part of the state he often came to this city by invitation of its own judges and held court here. After he ceased to be a republican member of congress President Grant made him United States district attorney in this city. But Judge Davis sighed for his old judicial life, and in 1872 he was again elected to the supreme court for a term which will expire on New Year's eve, 1887. "He is a hard-working, impartial judge, and" said a deputy court clerk to the reporter yesterday "I don't believe he has an enemy at the bar except a lawyer whom he once fined for an outrageous contempt and who occasionally publishes attacks on him. And socially, especially at the Union League club, he is 'prized.'"

Judge Davis has not been in good health for a number of years, and last spring his condition excited the alarm of friends. He left the bench early last spring for a western tour, and returned only yesterday from a visit to Colorado.

"I am happy to say," he said to a *World* reporter yesterday, "that my health is now restored and that I am ready to begin work again. Colorado is the grandest physician the sun ever shone upon. After a futile trip to the seashore, whither and whence I had literally to be carried, I was ordered to 'go west,' as my dear old friend Greeley so often wrote. My system was saturated with malarial poison and my good doctor wisely decided that nothing short of the wonderful air of Colorado would eradicate it. I started in the latter part of May and was so feeble that I was compelled to travel slowly, occupying two weeks on the journey. From Chicago I took the Burlington and Quincy railroad to Kansas City, and from there the Kansas and Pacific to Denver. While riding through Kansas—(the judge in giving his narration was as enthusiastic as a young college student on his first tramp, with staff and knapsack) I must say I saw, as long as the daylight lasted, a land the richness of which I had never dreamed. Have you ever (abruptly) been in Kansas? No? Well, then you can form no idea of its value as an agricultural country. Why, I tell you, sir (with a smile) we in the east know nothing of the royal magnificence of this land of ours. I was always proud of the United States, but this trip has made me positively arrogant. After reaching Denver I concluded to learn what effect the rarified air would have upon me before venturing still further above the level of the sea. Finding that its effect was calculated to be beneficial I went to Manitou, and there in that charming little place I spent six weeks, growing stronger every day."

"Did you visit the mining regions of the state at all?"

"No, but I talked with—I might perhaps say cross-examined—many intelligent, clear-headed and responsible men fresh from those regions, and was assured by them that the reports of the mining wealth of Colorado have not been one whit exaggerated. Nor do I think, after hearing testimony and summing up (here a smile so peculiarly known to the bar) they have been. I was near enough to the spot and came in contact with sufficiently trustworthy people of Colorado to be convinced [illegible] not be exhausted for well, considering our ages, let us say a century to come. Most wonderful country that it is! It is also destined, as soon as the means which are at hand for proper irrigation of the soil are taken advantage of, to become equally valuable as a farming territory. Although the great plains now bear only a short, scrubby grass upon which bullocks can be fed only at the rate of one to several acres, it has been proved that they need but proper irrigation to turn them into the most magnificent farming lands. The wheat crop of Colorado this year is, I believe 2,000,000 bushels."

"Did you visit any of the courts in Colorado?"

"Only at Denver. I met one or two judges there, and visited the United States court once or twice. There is very little difference in the manner of administering justice there and in New York. Colorado, you know, has adopted the code of California which is substantially like our own."

"Did you observe much interest in general politics?"

"Well, I had hardly an opportunity to do so. I should say, however, that very little could be predicted of Colorado from one election to another. Because it was republican last year is not to my mind the least proof one way or the other of its going the same way at the next election. You might as well try to take the political census of a hotel, where guests are continually going and coming, as of Colorado. There is a steady stream of emigrants pouring into it all the time. I think there will be a rather amusing canvass and election there next year when the question of selecting a capital for the state comes up. The constitution has arranged the matter so that it will require two years to decide it. At the next general election the inhabitants are to vote for whatever town they choose. The two places receiving the largest number of votes will then be pitted against each other at the election of the following year."

"What is the social condition of Colorado?"

"In that I was most happily disappointed. I expected to find it, if not roughly unpleasant, certainly not just to my taste. I can truthfully say, however, that in many of the little towns—towns not half a dozen years old—there is the refinement of the New England village. You see, Colorado is principally inhabited by people in search of health—a class which is not generally violent or disorderly—and pushing, industrious young men in search of wealth. There is no sustenance for the tramp."

Judge Davis further gave a glowing account of his visit to the "Garden of the Gods" and to Estes Park, where he says he discovered one of the Stetson boys, formerly of Astor House fame, keeping a delightful hotel 8,000 feet above the level of the sea. "This park," said the chief justice, "is a most wonderful tract of land. To me it was simply marvelous. It is owned, I believe, chiefly by that charming nobleman so popular in New York society, the Earl of Dunraven, and it contains 50,000 acres, being ten miles long by from two to three miles wide. I don't know how much game abounds there, but it is excellently supplied with fish of the most delicate flavor. Singularly enough, it seemed to me, I found some of the best families of Chicago and other cities of the west camping out there—actually living in tents, many of which were as luxuriously furnished as the brown stone house from which they had fled. It is indeed the land of promise, and I suppose (there was a merry twinkle in the judge's eyes)—if it were in Europe it would be visited by twenty-five thousand Americans every year."

Notice to Delegates.

Delegates elected to the republican state convention will obtain half fare tickets upon making themselves known to the agent, Mr. Sharpless, at the depot. The agent has a list of the delegates.

WILLIS SWEET,
Ch'n Co. Cent. Com.

Personal.

Mr. John Pixley leaves this morning for a short trip to Ohio.

Mr. Ted. Stephenson returned yesterday from North Park.

Mr. Milo Case, superintendent of the Robert E. Lee mine in Leadville, arrived in this city Tuesday evening.

Mr. W. L. Copeland returned to Leadville yesterday.

Mr. F. E. Robinson and wife left Tuesday on a visit among friends in the east. They will go as far as Boston.

Mrs. Belle Culver, daughter of Mrs. Gaines of this city, starts this morning for her home in Animas City.

Judge C. W. Burris, prosecuting attorney for this judicial district, came down from Denver yesterday on a short visit to friends in this city. He returns this morning to attend the republican convention which convenes at the capital on Friday.

Madame Lohfink, of Louisiana, Mo., arrived yesterday and is the guest of Mrs. Schuyler on Tejon street, next door to Mr. Hallowell's office.

Concerning Silver Cliff.

SILVER CLIFF, Sept. 15, 1879.

As there seems to be little confidence in the minds of the people of Colorado Springs relative to the value and permanency of this mining camp, I will give you a few items regarding our mines.

The Lady Franklin mining and milling company has a capital stock of $1,300,000 paid in full and non-assessable. They have ten mines in this company. The Lady Franklin has a shaft down fifty feet carrying a heavy body of carbonates assaying from 40 to 225 ounces in silver. The Rocky Mountain assays 30 to 102 in silver, and runs heavy in gray copper, some of it 40 per cent. in copper. The Sunrise assays from 20 to 821 in silver; this is a well defined carbonate mine. The Gopher assays from 14 to 50 ounces and is a heavy galena lode. The Copper Age assays from 30 to 60 silver and about 60 per cent. in copper. The deepest shaft is only fifty feet, and next deepest is forty feet. For the last few months they have been selling mineral enough to pay all running expenses and other improvements necessary for a more extensive prosecution of the work. They have a boarding house, blacksmith shop, ore house, and three private dwellings already erected, and the superintendent assures me that as soon as the reduction works start up they have the mines so well developed that they can profitably work one hundred miners. They have ten mines in the company which must with proper management and reasonable development result in a satisfactory income to the stockholders. When we take into consideration the fact that their deepest shaft is only down fifty feet and that they have thousands of tons of paying ore within ten feet of the surface, it is reasonable to conclude that company is among the most promising to those who wish to invest in mining stocks.

G. C. HOWARD.

Hotel Arrivals.

NATIONAL.—Geo F Garrett, Camden, N J; Isaac Cooper and wife, Golden; Mrs Hall, Golden; W W Williams, Binghampton, N Y; Mrs Campbell, Chicago; A W Hudson, Silverton; J M Apple, Denver; Jas A Coolidge, La Grange, Tenn; H W Marsh and lady, Golies, Illinois; C W Burris, Silverton.

SPRINGS.—A G Teachout, Denver; R S Little, Littleton; L H Kallemeier, St Louis, M [illegible]; T A Hund and wife, Leavenworth; J J Moak and wife, Watertown, Wis; Wm Anderson, Walsen's; W W Gibson, Atchison; J W Payne, New York; E M Lund, ranch; G W Pool, Leadville.

BORN.

DAVIS. To the wife of Dr. Isaac Davis, of Manitou, a son.

DIED.

HEMENWAY.—Near Emporia, Kansas, August 18, 1879, Mr. Joseph Hemenway, aged 79 years, 7 months and 22 days.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The undersigned begs leave to announce that he will be an independent candidate for the office of sheriff of El Paso county at the ensuing election. WM. ILES.

Having been solicited by many friends to become a candidate for the office of sheriff at the ensuing election, I hereby announce myself an independent candidate for sheriff of El Paso County.
9 5 tf JOHN P. HALL.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

In compliance with the request of friends of both political parties, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for the Sixth Precinct.
IANTHUS BENTLY.

FOR CORONER.

The undersigned hereby announces that he will be a candidate for the office of coroner of El Paso county at the ensuing election, subject to the nomination of the democratic county convention.
C. E. EDWORDS, M. D.

Business Locals.

Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

NOTICE.

The democrats of El Paso county are requested to meet in Court House Hall, Colorado Springs, on Saturday, September 20, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of making nominations for the several county offices to be filled at the ensuing October election. All democrats are urgently requested to be present. By order County Central Committee. 9 18 3

Pantaloons made in five hours at Stearns'. 9 4 tf.

"Steward" Ranges at
9 5 tf DURKEE & LEE'S.

$1.50 will buy you a good goat or calf shoe at Woodgate & Hundley's. 9-10-tf.

Call at the GAZETTE counting rooms and obtain rates for your job work. Satisfaction is guaranteed. tf.

Full line of Base Burning and other heating stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S.
9 5 tf

Export Bottled Beer, $11.00 per barrel, $1.25 per dozen, 10 d. pints or 6 d. quarts. F. Hermann, Manitou, Col. 8 29 tf

The finest and largest stock of Boots and Shoes in town at Woodgate & Hundley's. 9-10-tf

All kinds of sheet iron and tin work and repairing done at DURKEE & LEE'S.
9 5 tf

Woodgate & Hundley will sell you Boots and Shoes cheaper than any house in town. Be sure and price their goods before buying. 9-10-tf

S. B. Westerfield & Co., undertakers, will give prompt attention to night or day orders. Rooms in Hodgman Block, Huerfano street, Colorado Springs. 7-8-tf

The price of the WEEKLY is only two dollars per annum, one dollar for six months, fifty cents for three months, and twenty-five per month.

"Charter Oak" and "Stewart" cook stoves at DURKEE & LEE'S.
9 5 tf

$2.50 will buy a good boot at Woodgate & Hundley's. 9-10-tf

Call and see Stearns' new goods.
9 4 tf.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

Furniture of every description on hand and fresh invoices received daily at the furniture store of
7 23 tf MACOMBER & POTTER.

All persons having Second Hand Goods to dispose of will find it to their interest to call on A. E. Pratt & Co., who are preparing to buy and sell all goods in that line. Two doors west of Macomber & Potter's, on Huerfano street. 9-13-tf.

A. BROWN, TEJON ST.

Paints, Oils, Paper Hangings,
Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes,
Full Line of Shade Goods, Etc.,
Artists' Materials of all Kinds.

Ladies, one and all should examine Giddings & Stillman's stock of Ladies' Cloaks and Ulsters before purchasing, also Children's and Misses' Cloaks, as their stock is magnificent and cheap.

LOOK!

For the next 30 days the Denver & Rio Grande Railway will sell round trip tickets to Veta Pass and Alamosa at greatly reduced rates. Do not fail to see one of the grandest pieces of railroad engineering in the country. Fare per round trip only $25.00. Tickets on sale at depot. 9-11-tf

The GAZETTE office is prepared to do job printing in artistic manner and at reasonable rates.

DANGER IN THE OVEN.

No lady can expect her cook to produce pure, sweet, healthful pastry, bread, etc., unless she uses pure articles. Poisonous drugs are being retailed all over the country as "Baking Powder," "Flavoring Extracts," etc. If you use Gillet's preparations all danger is avoided; they are pure, rich and delicious.

Take the Old Reliable Hannibal & St. Joseph R. R. and its connections the great through car line to the East. Pullman Sleeping Cars and Palace Day Coaches are run through to Chicago and Toledo without change of cars from Kansas City, Atchison and St. Joseph. Horton's celebrated Reclining Chair Cars of the latest pattern and built expressly for this company, run through to Chicago. NO EXTRA CHARGE for seats. Also a Palace Day Coach runs through to Indianapolis without change. Passengers for all points east will find this the most desirable route. No other line makes faster time than the Hannibal & St. Joe and its connections. When you travel see that your tickets read via the OLD RELIABLE H. & ST. JOE, the great through car line. For maps and time-tables address
H. D. PRICE,
or Western Pass. Agt.,
T. PENFIELD, Kansas City.
Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent,
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